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Ambulatory Clinical Documentation Improvement (aCDI)

Specialty Practice Toolkit

This toolkit is designed to provide a standard set of strategies and tools specific to help you improve care provided in the ambulatory environment. The toolkit has a three tiered approach that we believe provides a foundation for improvement work resulting in effective adoption and sustainability. These elements include:

- 1. <u>Infrastructure:</u> this first section focuses on the role of the care team and highlights how to prepare for upcoming appointments, optimize the role of team members, address equipment needs or medical record needs as well as how to regularly monitor your results;
- 2. <u>Competencies:</u> this section identifies what trainings are available to build clinical and content knowledge for all members of the care team and the patient population. Whenever possible hyperlinks to web based handouts, tools or webinars are included.
- 3. <u>Additional Resources:</u> We recognize that every team has different needs, and there are many resources available to browse and utilize as you see fit.

Need help implementing this Toolkit?

The MaineHealth ACO Improvement team can assist you with strategies and workflows in support of ACO initiatives. To learn more about what toolkits and Best Practice Frameworks are available or for improvement support please email us at

contactmhaco@mmc.org

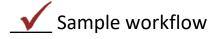
and you will be connected with our aCDI Team!

Ambulatory Clinical Documentation Improvement (aCDI) *Specialty*

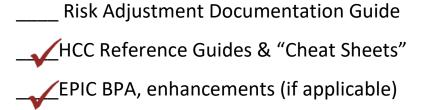
1. Infrastructure:



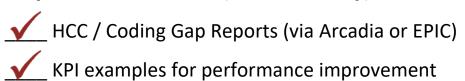




□ EMR Tool / Documentation Tools



□ Regularly Measure Results (Sustainability)



Huddle Sheet

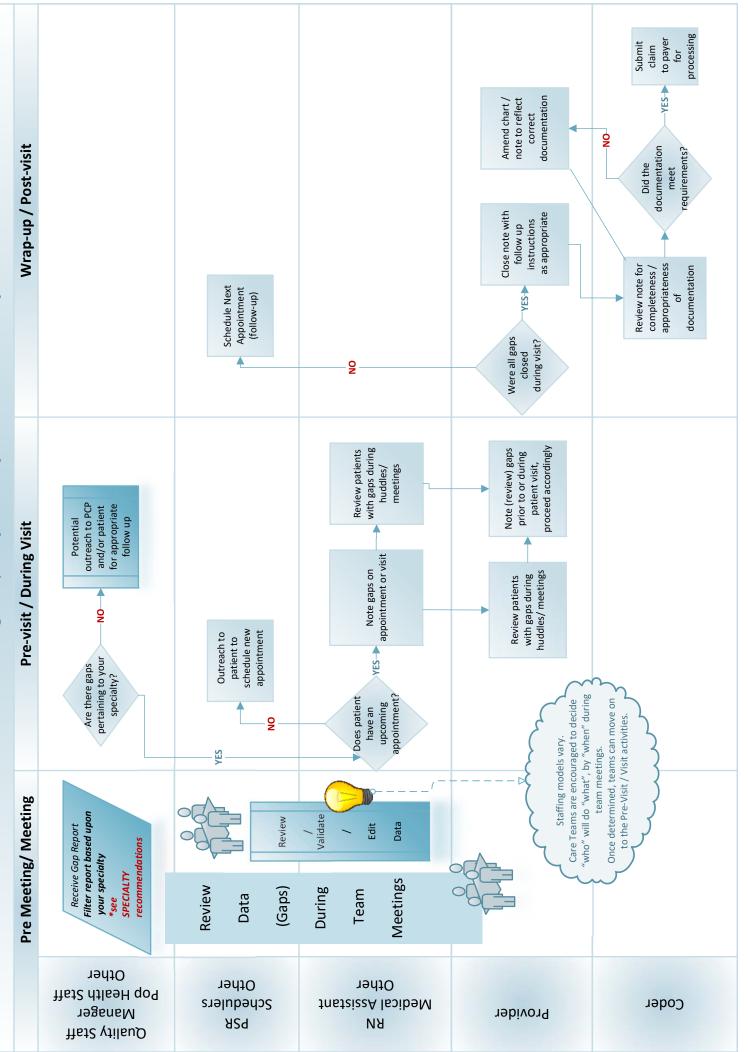
- What can we proactively anticipate and plan for in our work day/week? At the beginning of the day, hold a review of the day, review of the coming week and review of the next week. Frequency of daily review is dependent on the situation, but a mid-day review is also helpful.
- This worksheet can be modified to add more detail to the content and purpose of the huddles.

Huddle Sheet			
Practice: Date:			
Aim: Enable the practice to proactively anticipate and plan actions based on patient need and available resources, and contingency planning.			
Follow-ups from Yesterday			
"Heads up" for Today: (include review for orders, labs, etc.; special patient needs, sick			
calls, staff flexibility, contingency plans) Meetings:			
Opportunity to note 'coding gaps' here			
Review of Tomorrow and Proactive Planning			
Opportunity to note 'coding gaps' here			

Pre-Visit Planning Checklist

Patient:	Reason for Appt:	Appt Time:
Adult Prevention: Gap(s) in Care or BMI (ht & wt) Blood Pressure (if >140/90) pull Falls Risk (65+) Pneumococcal Flu Shot TDaP Tobacco Use/Counsel/Referral to Depression Screen Pap Smear DEXA Scan Colon Cancer Screen (50-75) Breast Cancer Screen (50-75) Outside Reports / Tests Advance Directive Outstanding Testing Hospital Admissions/ED Visits	l last 3 BP	Diabetic: Gap(s) in Care or Due Soon: HgbA1c Tobacco Use/Counsel/Referral to MTHL Micro albumin Outside Reports / Tests Eye Exam Foot Exam Depression Screen LDL Outstanding Testing Hospital Admissions/ED Visits Also review Preventive Care Gaps!
NOTES: current coding gaps?		NOTES: current coding gaps?
Cardiovascular Disease: Gap(s) in Ca □ Blood Pressure □ IVD / Aspirin □ HTN □ HF / Beta Blocker □ LDL □ Outside Reports / Tests □ Outstanding Testing □ Hospital Admissions/ED Visits	are or Due Soon: (Care Gaps!	Controlled Substance: Gap(s) in Care or Due Soon: ☐ Controlled Substance Agreement ☐ UTOX ☐ PMP ☐ Outstanding Testing ☐ Hospital Admissions/ED Visits
NOTES: current coding gaps?		NOTES: current coding gaps?
Pediatric Prevention: Gap(s) in Care □ BMI (ht & wt) □ 5-2-1-0 □ Immunizations □ Tobacco Use/Exposure/Counsel, □ Blood Pressure □ Depression Screening □ MCHAT/ASQ □ Outside Reports / Tests □ Outstanding Testing □ Hospital Admissions/ED Visits NOTES: current coding gaps?		Pediatric Asthma: Gap(s) in Care or Due Soon: Severity Controller Med Action Plan Lung Function Test Tobacco Use/Counsel/Referral to MTHL ACT Outside Reports / Tests BMI (ht & wt) Outstanding Testing Hospital Admissions/ED Visits
Room Set Up Needs/General Notes	:	

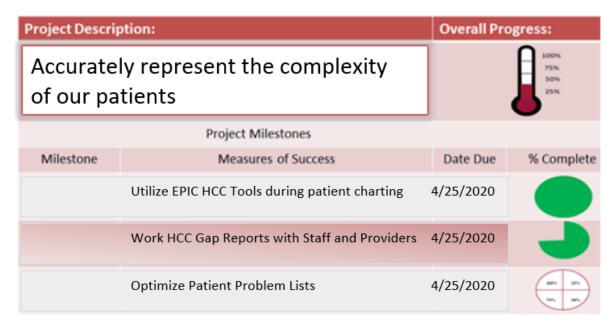
aCDI / HCC Coding Gaps Specialty Practice Workflow





KPI Example:

Measure and Celebrate Success



Don't forget to celebrate!

- Celebrate your hard work
- Celebrate improved patient care and experience
- Celebrate increased reimbursement

MaineHealth Accountable Care Organization

2. Clinical Competencies:

□ Provider

✓ Training: Three Simple Ways to Improve Clinical Documentation
https://mainehealthaco.org/CDI

Care Team Roles – Provider
https://mainehealth.org/-/media/elder-services/
awv/rolesteambasedcaremodel.pdf?la=en

□ Staff

The Impact of Documentation on Patient Care (contact MHACO Improvement Advisor to schedule)

aCDI Webinars and Training:
mainehealthaco.org/CDI

("Clinical Documentation Improvement" section)

□ Build Staff Training Into Annual Competencies / Staff Orientation

2. Additional Resources:

- ✓ Coding "Quick Reference" Cards for Primary and Specialty Care

 (for the most up-to-date ICD10 codes and guidelines, always refer to your latest ICD10 Coding book)
- ✓ Documentation Quick Guide: "MEAT" and "LOST"

 Found on each Coding Card, and provide knowledge around what meets coding and documentation guidelines
- ✓ Top 10 Coding Conditions opportunities for high impact improvement
- ✓ Payer Incentive Resources (contact MHACO Networking Dept)
- ✓ Recommendations for Filtering Gap Reports (contact MHACO)
- ✓ AAFP Article "Its Time To Go Rafing" (Adler, Kenneth MD. Fam Pract Manag. 2018 Mar-Apr;25(2):5.

https://www.aafp.org/fpm/2018/0300/p5.html

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MHACO Top 10 Conditions**

Some of the top Hierarchical conditions (HCC*) weighted by prevalence that is suggested to focus on could

1. DM with Comp	6. Rheumatoid Arthritis
2. Specified Heart Arrhythmias	7. Major Depression
3. COPD	8. Metastatic Cancers
4. Vascular Disease	9. Morbid Obesity
5. CHF	10. Amputations

*HCC - Hierarchical Condition Categories, CMS identified 79 Categories of medical conditions that map to a corresponding group of 9,500 ICD-10 diagnosis codes, pertains to ambulatory care and inpatient care. ** National Association of ACOs (NAACOS) suggest focusing on top 9 HCCs by weighted prevalence- MHACO has been following these HCCs and have added amputations.



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FILTERING/SORTING YOUR aCDI Report

When you receive a Coding Gap Report, which includes information from claims data showing patient conditions that have not been coded (documented) during a visit in 2019. You will want to validate the information against your EMR. Here are some recommendations for making the list workable:

- 1. Sort/Filter by
 - a. **PRACTICE**, then
 - b. **PROVIDER**, then
 - c. **UNCODED RAF** (Largest to Smallest)

This allows you to break up the report, distribute to other members of the team

OPTIONAL - Additional Filters to consider: CONDITIONS

- DM with Comp
- Specified Heart Arrhythmias
- COPD
- Vascular Disease
- CHF
- Rheumatoid Arthritis
- Major Depression
- Metastatic Cancers
- Morbid Obesity
- Amputations

Or **CONDITION CATEGORIES**

- Amputation
- Diabetes
- Heart
- Lung
- Metabolic
- Neoplasm
- Psychiatric
- Vascular
- 2. **Validate** through your EMR
 - a. Is the patient deceased?*
 - b. Is the patient Active
 - c. Have they had a recent visit where codes were captured?

NOTES:

- **PHYSICIAN = HOSPITAL NPI:** These patients will need to be validated in your EMR as a first step; if you find a PCP is assigned in your EMR, replace PHYSICIAN field with that PCP's name
- PHYSICIAN = SPECIALIST:
- **TROUBLE SCROLLING** through your workbook? Go to VIEW → FREEZE PANES → UNFREEZE PANE



REPORT DEFINITIONS

Data Source

Report pulled from Arcadia (back end) by MHACO data team - Claims data only
*We have done our best to remove deceased patients from the report; please note however, this information is not always captured on claims in a timely manner.

We've highlighted (below) fields you may choose to hide when sharing with provider, to simplify info:

Column	Definition	
Region	Community the patient has been attributed to (according to Health Plan)	
Practice	Name of Practice	
Provider	Provider patient is attributed to (according to Health Plan)	
Name		
DOB	Demographics	
<mark>Age</mark>		
Sex		
Uncoded Conditions	Any Condition that has not been coded in current performance year	
Uncoded RAF	Total Risk score for all UNCODED Diagnoses	
Last PCP Visit	Last visit per claims data	
HCC	HCC Category of Uncoded Condition	
DX Code	Diagnoses Code that has not been recaptured for current performance year	
Condition Category	HCC Category name	
Condition	HCC Category Description	
Uncoded DX Risk Score	Risk score for Uncoded DX code	
<u>PlanPayer</u>	Patients Insurance Carrier	
Riskeventprovidername	Provider who last billed the DX Code	
<mark>riskeventdate</mark>	Date of Service DX code was last billed	
НСС	Hierarchical Condition Categories	
RAF	Risk Adjustment Factor (Risk Score)	

Ambulatory Clinical Documentation Improvement (aCDI) is a way for your Physicians to accurately reflect their patients' acuity.

RECOMMENDED TALKING POINTS: Why is this important?

- **Patient:** Accurately reflecting the patient's acuity will open up value added benefits for your patient with their insurance company.
- ➤ <u>Care Team:</u> Accurate documentation assists the care team with pre-visit planning, identify quality gaps to close, and prior authorization process is improved as notes are accurate meaning approval vs. denial and rework.
- **Physician:** Contractual benchmarks will be attainable as insurance companies will look at claims data to set cost and utilization benchmarks. Additionally, improving clinical documentation increases the practices shared savings opportunity.